

GEF-Satoyama Subgrantee Highlights Report

Organization Name:	IMPECT
Country:	Thailand
Reporting Quarter:	FY17 Q3 (January to March 2017)
Person submitting Report:	Prasert Trakansuphakon

<Highlight 1>: Community GIS survey addressing land use and ownership, classification of forests and areas for rotational farming, including border areas and fallow land that could benefit from replanting and species enrichment.

The Community GIS survey addressing land use and common ownership, classification of forests and areas for rotational farming, including border areas and fallow land already finished. The three communities already develop their communal GIS mapping. But they are now working on individual or family land use, they are still working in this process in this period.

<Highlight 2>: Landscape and ecosystem protection: fire control (e.g. fire break system); customary use regulations and rituals for protected spaces; recovering forest landscape with diverse activities appropriate to the local context.

The fire break for control wild fire already have done by three communities, however during this period it is dry season or summer time, people always need to stand by for control the fire even in day time or night time because they are not know when the wild fire will come.

<Highlight 3>: Monitoring teams are established in each community (included men, women and youth) to monitor and take action to increase diversity of plants and NTFPs useful for food security and for wildlife.

The three communities have formed organization or body of safe guard already and they made survey informally through the survey of fire break process, however they will continue to do safe guard survey in raining season coming, they will see more plants and animals there.

<Highlight 4>: Cultural camps for young people to transmit traditional knowledge to younger generation and create youth networking in river basin level.

Cultural Camp already have done in Mae Yod community, the three communities and others young people and students are targets for this training event. Not only young people from communities but also include students from university level from law faculty, sociology, teachers training, agriculture etc. The focused are the knowledge and practice of rotational farming system and cultural based on natural resource management

<Highlight 5>: Implement appropriate self-determined economic activities for food and income.

To enhance rotational farming for increasing productivities through the three communities have exchanged and collected more varieties of seeds from others communities and increasing number of seeds for new cultivation. At least two communities strongly continue the rotational farming and decreasing areas of corn plantation.

The three communities have prepared appropriate species of food plants and income plants of NTFPs for their new raining season which is time for plant seeds and plants both cultivation areas and forest areas.

At least two communities have developed bee boxes for bee keeping with a numbers of boxes as try and error in first step.



Preparing for fire break to control the fire burning in summer time





Mae Um pai community members prepare for do the fire break control





Young people Learn how to do the rice pounding from woman farmer



Young people harvest some of the products from fallow land



Young people learn how to plant seeds in new rotational field



Photo together in new RF field



Cooking together during cultural camp



Learn how to do rice pounding



Learn knowledge on environment from elders



Study on knowledge and practice of rotational farming



Prepare the report for present to the plenary